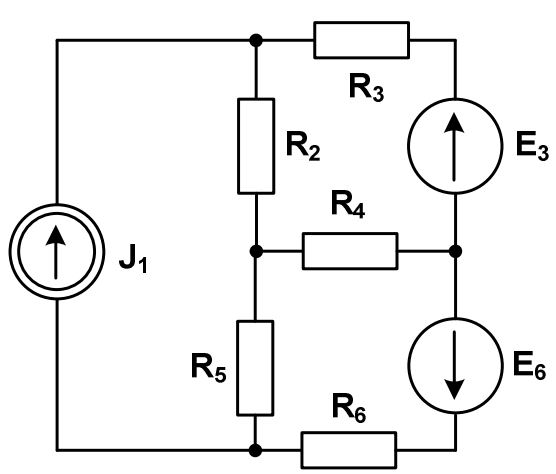
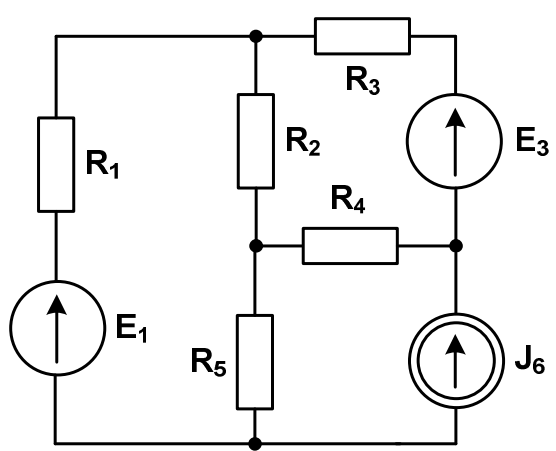
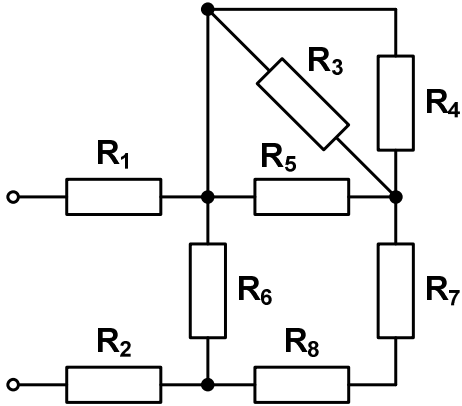
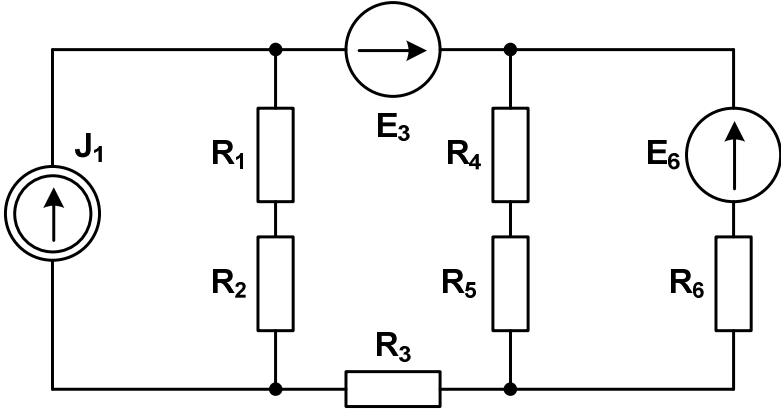


PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED IN A GROUP		Points
<p>1. In the circuit shown in the figure, fuses with a rated current of 1 A are used to protect the voltage sources E_3 and E_6. Determine whether this rated current is sufficient.</p> <p>$R_2 = 25 \Omega$, $R_3 = 25 \Omega$, $R_4 = 10 \Omega$, $R_5 = 10 \Omega$, $R_6 = 10 \Omega$, $E_3 = 10 \text{ V}$, $E_6 = 20 \text{ V}$, $J_1 = 2 \text{ A}$</p>		12

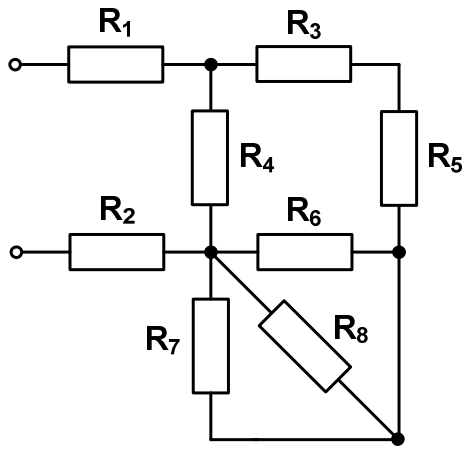
PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED IN A GROUP		Points
<p>1. In the circuit shown in the figure, fuses with a rated current of 0.75 A are used to protect the voltage sources E_1 and E_3. Determine whether this rated current is sufficient.</p> <p>$R_1 = 25 \Omega$, $R_2 = 20 \Omega$, $R_3 = 5 \Omega$, $R_4 = 10 \Omega$, $R_5 = 15 \Omega$, $E_1 = 5 \text{ V}$, $E_3 = 10 \text{ V}$, $J_6 = 1 \text{ A}$</p>		12

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED IN A GROUP		Points
<p>1. In the circuit shown in the figure, fuses with a rated current of 2 A are used to protect the voltage sources E_1 and E_6. Determine whether this rated current is sufficient.</p> <p>$R_1 = 10 \Omega$, $R_2 = 25 \Omega$, $R_3 = 25 \Omega$, $R_4 = 15 \Omega$, $R_6 = 25 \Omega$, $E_1 = 5 \text{ V}$, $E_6 = 5 \text{ V}$, $J_5 = 4 \text{ A}$</p>		12

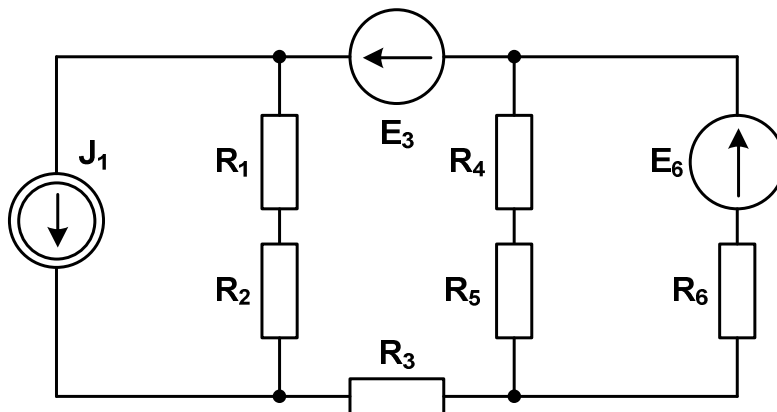
PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED IN A GROUP		Points
<p>1. In the circuit shown in the figure, fuses with a rated current of 1.5 A are used to protect the voltage sources E_5 and E_6. Determine whether this rated current is sufficient.</p> <p>$R_2 = 10 \Omega$, $R_3 = 20 \Omega$, $R_4 = 5 \Omega$, $R_5 = 10 \Omega$, $R_6 = 10 \Omega$, $E_5 = 10 \text{ V}$, $E_6 = 5 \text{ V}$, $J_1 = 2 \text{ A}$</p>		12

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED INDIVIDUALLY		POINTS
<p>1. Calculate the equivalent resistance of circuit shown in the figure.</p> <p>$R_1 = 4 \Omega$, $R_2 = 4 \Omega$, $R_3 = 10 \Omega$, $R_4 = 15 \Omega$, $R_5 = 12 \Omega$, $R_6 = 8 \Omega$, $R_7 = 15 \Omega$, $R_8 = 5 \Omega$</p>		8
<p>2. The circuit shown in the figure uses resistors with a rated power of 0.5 W. Determine whether this power rating is sufficient for the circuit to operate. If not, specify the required power rating for the individual resistors. The standard resistor power ratings are: 0.125 W, 0.25 W, 0.4 W, 0.5 W, 0.6 W, 0.75 W, 1 W, 2 W, 3 W, 5 W, 7 W.</p> <p>$R_1 = 100 \Omega$, $R_2 = 200 \Omega$, $R_3 = 400 \Omega$, $R_4 = 250 \Omega$, $R_5 = 50 \Omega$, $R_6 = 200 \Omega$, $J_1 = 0.1 \text{ A}$, $E_3 = 2 \text{ V}$, $E_6 = 1 \text{ V}$</p>		20

Note: 21 points from both parts are required to pass the test.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED INDIVIDUALLY		POINTS
<p>1. Calculate the equivalent resistance of circuit shown in the figure.</p> <p>$R_1 = 5 \Omega$, $R_2 = 6 \Omega$, $R_3 = 18 \Omega$, $R_4 = 6 \Omega$, $R_5 = 6 \Omega$, $R_6 = 15 \Omega$, $R_7 = 30 \Omega$, $R_8 = 15 \Omega$</p>		8

<p>2. The circuit shown in the figure uses resistors with a rated power of 1 W. Determine whether this power rating is sufficient for the circuit to operate. If not, specify the required power rating for the individual resistors. The standard resistor power ratings are: 0.125 W, 0.25 W, 0.4 W, 0.5 W, 0.6 W, 0.75 W, 1 W, 2 W, 3 W, 5 W, 7 W.</p> <p>$R_1 = 100 \Omega$, $R_2 = 200 \Omega$, $R_3 = 400 \Omega$, $R_4 = 250 \Omega$, $R_5 = 50 \Omega$, $R_6 = 200 \Omega$, $J_1 = 0.2 \text{ A}$, $E_3 = 2 \text{ V}$, $E_6 = 2 \text{ V}$</p>	20
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Note: 21 points from both parts are required to pass the test.