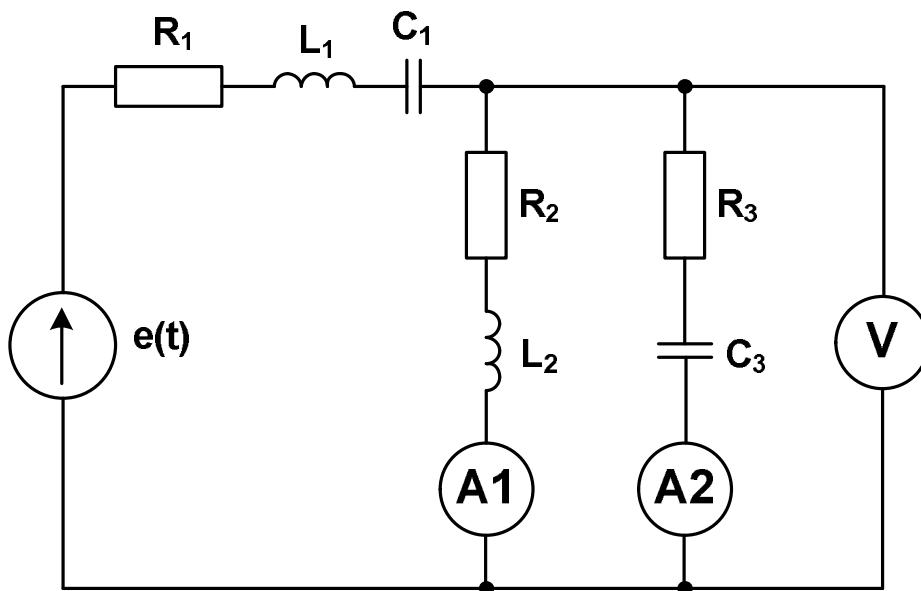


Module name: **Electrical Circuits 1**
 Module ID: **IS-FEE-10070W**
 Module type: **Class**
 Semester: **winter 2024/2025**
 Instructor: **Jarosław Forenc, j.forenc@pb.edu.pl**

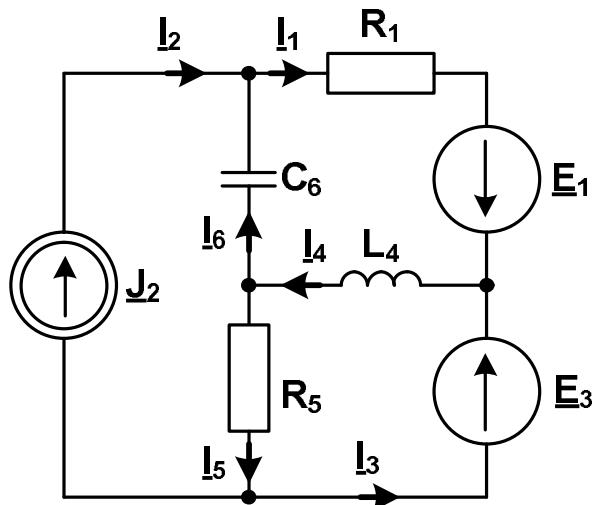
Class 12 (20.01.2025)

1. Calculate the meter readings in the circuit shown in the figure using **the Node-Voltage method**. The parameters are as follows: $e(t) = 141.4\sin(1000t)$ V, $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = 50 \Omega$, $L_1 = L_2 = 100 \text{ mH}$, $C_1 = 20 \mu\text{F}$, $C_3 = 10 \mu\text{F}$.



2. Calculate the currents in all branches of the circuit shown in the figure using **the Node-Voltage Method**. The parameters are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_1 &= 20 \Omega, X_{L4} &= 20 \Omega, R_5 &= 10 \Omega, \\
 X_{C6} &= 20 \Omega, E_1 &= j20 \text{ V}, E_3 &= 20 \text{ V}, J_2 &= 10 \text{ A}.
 \end{aligned}$$



3. Calculate the currents in all branches of the circuit shown in the figure using the **Node-Voltage Method**. The parameters are as follows:

$$j_1(t) = 10\sqrt{2}\sin(\omega t) \text{ A}, e_4(t) = 100\sqrt{2}\sin(\omega t + 90^\circ) \text{ V}, \omega = 1000 \text{ rad/s}, R_2 = 10 \Omega, R_3 = 10 \Omega, C_3 = 50 \mu\text{F}, C_4 = 50 \mu\text{F}, L_5 = 10 \text{ mH}.$$

