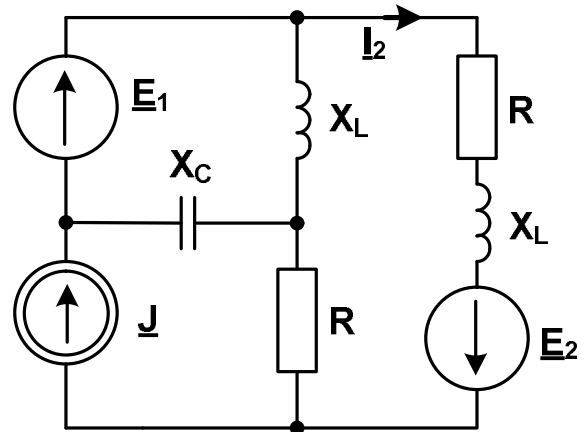


Module name: **Electrical Circuits 1**
 Module ID: **IS-FEE-10070W**
 Module type: **Class**
 Semester: **winter 2024/2025**
 Instructor: **Jarosław Forenc, j.forenc@pb.edu.pl**

Class 13 (20.01.2025)

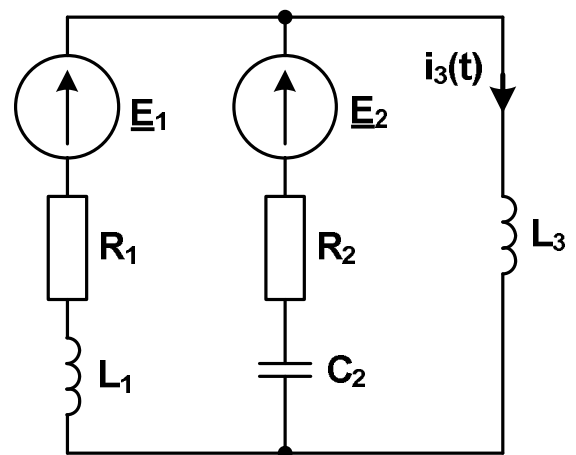
1. Determine the current \underline{I}_2 using **Thevenin's Theorem**.

$R = 3 \Omega$, $X_L = 4 \Omega$, $X_C = 2 \Omega$,
 $\underline{E}_1 = 3 \text{ V}$, $\underline{E}_2 = j8 \text{ V}$, $\underline{J} = 2 \text{ A}$.



2. Determine the current $i_3(t)$ using **Thevenin's Theorem**.

$e_1(t) = 200 \sin(\omega t + 45^\circ) \text{ V}$,
 $e_2(t) = 100 \sqrt{2} \cos(\omega t) \text{ V}$,
 $R_1 = 20 \Omega$, $X_{L1} = 80 \Omega$, $R_2 = 40 \Omega$,
 $X_{C2} = 40 \Omega$, $X_{L3} = 20 \Omega$.



3. Calculate an active power on \underline{Z}_3 . Use **Thevenin's Theorem**.

$\underline{E} = (10 + j10) \text{ V}$, $\underline{J} = (2 + j2) \text{ A}$,
 $X_{L1} = 20 \Omega$, $X_{C1} = 10 \Omega$, $R_2 = 10 \Omega$,
 $X_{C2} = 10 \Omega$, $\underline{Z}_3 = (10 + j10) \Omega$

